

Curriculum Overview – DT – Systems / Electronics. Design Technology is taught as a carousel in KS3. Across the 3 year groups there are units of Food, Electronics, Resistant materials, Graphic Design and Robotics. The Robotics module runs in Year 7 and adds to the learning for Systems & Electronics [Yr 7 Robotics Scheme of Work](#)
 The curriculum covers all aspects of the NC and schemes of work ensure skills and knowledge are built upon throughout KS3.
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/239089/SECONDARY_national_curriculum_-_Design_and_technology.pdf and [KS3 Audit 2019 All Subject Areas](#)

In Electronic Systems & Control pupils will learn the fundamentals of the design and making of circuits that improve or solve a situation in which a systems approach can be applied. The learning across key stage 3 meets the requirement of the National Curriculum and includes the use of a solutions based approach to micro-electronics. During the optional years the knowledge is widened to meet the specification of the level 2 qualification. The learning at all stages is led in a theory/simulate/test/manufacture environment
[Q:\Departments\Design Technology\Links\Curriculum overview links\KS4\Electronics KS4\150709-specification.pdf](#)

	Theory			Practical		
Year 7	Introduction to systems design. Components used within a transistor circuit that responds to a sensor/change in environment. Potential divider circuit to switch on an output device- colour changing LED. Understanding of electronics in society, impact, materials, components, tools, equipment, testing, quality control and assurance. Evaluation. Electronics KS3\7 Electronics SoW 2019.htm			Safe use of tools and equipment. Circuit board assembly and manufacture. Drilling of PCB's. Populating PCB and soldering of components. Attaching off-board components switches, sensors, LED's. Using test equipment. Assembly of an enclosure using a variety of materials. Final product finishing and testing reliability, performance, safety and quality.		
Year 8	Pupils will learn about timers, counters and decoders. How a monostable and astable timer functions by changing passive component values. Design of circuits to learn about input components (switches/sensors), and output devices. Adding a decade / binary / decoder to create a two-process circuit. Electronics KS3\8 Electronics SoW 2019.htm			Simulation and testing of systems using Circuit Wizard. (Weeks 1-3) Prototyping and testing of circuits on breadboard (Week 4-5) Populating and soldering of components to project board PCB (Week 6-8)		
Year 9	A microcontroller approach to systems design. Led by a design situation pupils will learn how control a closed loop system and program a PIC to respond to multiple inputs and control a series of outputs including LED's, audio, LCD displays, motors, servo's, actuators. Electronics KS3\9 Electronics SoW 2019.htm			Simulation and testing of microcontroller circuits by the use of flowchart and basic programming. Downloading of programs to project boards to demonstrate and test in real-life. Pupils will be able to build their project as a prototype on a project board PCB		
Year 10	Electronic Principles – Voltage, current, resistance	Operating principles of Components Input-Process-Output	Test methods for circuits – Hazards and fault finding	Commercial circuit construction methods - PCB	Use CAD for simulation and design – Circuit Wizard	To be able to construct & test circuits - Bread Board /PCB
Year 11	How computers are used in design, manufacture & process control	How computers are used in maintenance of engineering systems	How computers are used to communicate & use data for production and maintenance	Understand the application and operation of microcontrollers in engineering	To design, develop, simulate a control system solution	To be able to test control systems in engineered processes